

## FOCUS ON UNISIST PROGRAMMES

### UNESCO GENERAL INFORMATION PROGRAMME RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL CONFERENCE

The General Conference of Unesco, at its 19th session, which took place last November in Nairobi, adopted a resolution concerning amongst others the future development of the UNISIST programme.

According to the proposals made by the Director-General, the Conference agreed to set up a General Information Programme covering the activities of the organization in the field of scientific and technical information and of documentation, libraries and archives.

The Conference approved the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Council for the General Information Programme and instructed it, among others, to ensure the continuity and the development of actions undertaken in the context of the UNISIST programme recommending the appropriate use of its name in the future. This Council shall carry out its functions with regard to the Intergovernmental UNISIST Programme, in conformity with the provisions made in Article 4 of the Statutes of the UNISIST Steering Committee, (approved by the General Conference at its 17th session) that Committee being superseded by this Council.

The 19th General Conference recognized the significant results achieved so far by the UNISIST programme and the value of its general contribution to the development and inter-connexion of information systems, and instructed the Director-General to take the necessary measure to ensure that the General Information Programme, particularly through the development of projects begun under the UNISIST programme, provides a conceptual framework for the information systems devised by the agencies of the United Nations and for Unesco's information activities as a whole.

#### BANGKOK SEMINAR ON USER TRAINING (14-14 OCTOBER 1976)

Strengthening information infrastructure is presently a major preoccupation of the various

countries in Asia and Oceania. The education and training of present and potential users of scientific and technological information in the better utilization of information services offered to them is seen as part of this preoccupation. And rightfully so, for the ultimate object of information systems and services are the users.

Following the 4th General Assembly and Congress of FID/CAO held in Bangkok from 10 to 13 October, a two-day regional seminar took place. The "UNISIST Seminar on training users of scientific and technical information: Analysis and evaluation of UNISIST Guidelines" was attended by over 100 participants from 15 countries. It was organized by Unesco in collaboration with the Thai National Documentation Centre (TNDC), Applied Scientific Research Corporation of Thailand (ASRCT), with the assistance of FID/CAO. Dr. Wadanyu Na Thalang, Governor of ASRCT opened the seminar, Mr. T.S. Rajagopalan of INSDOC, India was selected as Chairman and Miss D.E. Torrijos of NSDB, Philippines, was selected as Rapporteur.

The seminar devoted itself mainly to user training experiences in various countries in the region, a review of the UNISIST Guide for user training and its applicability to the regional conditions, and a discussion of problems related to user education and training and of strategies for a more effective utilization of existing information services and sources.

Papers presented for discussion included: The User Training Issue (by J. Tocatlian, Unesco); User Training - The missing link between users and resources (by R.B. Palmer, Barnard College Library, Columbia University); Means and Methods of Training Users - the UNISIST Guide (by A. Evans, Loughborough University, U.K.); User Training in Australia (by P.J. Judge, CSIRO, Australia); Using the UNISIST Guide for conducting workshops (by L. Pringgoadisurjo, PDIN, Indonesia; Doo-Hong Kim, KORSTIC, Republic of Korea; T.S. Rajagopalan, INSDOC, India); Implementation of some UNISIST projects in Asia (by J. Valls, AIT); The

**REGIONAL INFORMATION NETWORK PROJECT FOR SOUTH EAST ASIA (BY D. TORRIJOS, PHILIPPINES).**

Reactions from the participants were heard and solicited for a fruitful sharing of experience. Existing and planned programmes for training users were described by participants from several countries, such as Japan, Malaysia and the Philippines, and the organizations present, such as the UN Asian Development Institute, the AIBA/SEARCA, and AIT.

**ROME SEMINAR ON USER TRAINING (18-21 OCTOBER 1976)**

Following the Bangkok meeting, which was essentially regional in character, the "UNISIST Seminar on the education and training of users of scientific and technological information" was held in Rome. It was of international character; all geographical regions being represented. The objective was to provide an international exchange of experience on the problem faced in planning and implementing training and education programmes for users of scientific and technological information, to obtain a broad overview of the issue, to catalyse international co-operation, and to advise Unesco on a long-term programme for user training.

The seminar was organized by Unesco in collaboration with the Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Laboratorio di Studi Sulla Ricerca e Sulla Documentazione and the Istituto Italo-Latino Americano (ILLA). The participants chosen on the basis of their professional experience were invited in their personal capacity. There were 30 participants from 15 countries and a number of organizations, such as ESRIN, FAO, IAEA, ILLA, and UNEP. Dr. P. Lazar of CTLDC, Hungary, was selected as Chairman and Prof. A. Neelameghan of DRTC, India, was selected as Rapporteur.

Following each presentation, an extensive and rich discussion produced a set of ideas which are structured in the final report.

The papers presented for discussion included the following: Measurement of information use and user needs as a basis for training programmes (T.D. Wilson, U.K.); User education in academic institutions including secondary school and university (A. Neelameghan, India); Training of users of libraries and documentation services (K. Burian, Turkey); User training in the context of a technical information service (G.P. Sweeney, Ireland); Sensitization of decision-makers, policy-makers and manager (M. Menou, France); Means and methods of training users (A. Evans, U.K.); User training as a component of national information policy (J. Gray, U.K.).

**ISDS GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND GOVERNING BOARD MEETING (11-14 OCTOBER 1976)**

By his circular letter of 28 June 1976 the Director-General of Unesco communicated to

Member States the text of the Agreement between Unesco and the Government of the French Republic on the establishment and operation of an International Centre for the registration of serial publications within the framework of the International Serials Data System (ISDS). At the same time he invited Member States to participate in the establishment of the permanent structures of the system by attending the first General Assembly meeting and by acceding to the Statutes of the International Centre.

In accordance with the Statutes, the General Assembly was convened by the Director of the International Centre and organized at Unesco House from 11 to 12 October 1976. Delegates representing 25 Member States and observers from five non-governmental organizations attended the meeting. Mr. P. Poindron, head of the French delegation, was elected Chairman.

The main points of discussion were: (1) accession of Member States to the Statutes; (2) examination of the report of the Director of the International Centre; and (3) election of the Governing Board.

The first meeting of the ISDS Governing Board was held immediately after that of the General Assembly (13-14 October 1976). After an extensive debate on the report of the Director of the International Centre, the Board expressed its appreciation of the results already achieved. It was decided that the international register of serials should be published in microform and that the ISDS Bulletin should continue to be published in printed form. It was also decided that a short-term budget (1977-1978) should be submitted to the next meeting of the Board as well as a long-term one (1977-1982). After approval by the Board, these budgets should be communicated to all Member States.

**INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON INFORMATION SYSTEMS IN ONGOING RESEARCH IN SCIENCE - PROCEEDINGS**

The Proceedings of the International Symposium on Information Systems in Ongoing Research in Science organized in October 1975 by Unesco under its UNISIST programme in collaboration with the Smithsonian Science Information Exchange (U.S.A.) have now been published by the Hungarian Central Technical Library and Documentation Centre in a volume of about 500 pages.

The Proceedings include the 46 papers submitted to the Symposium, the discussions of these papers as well as the panel discussion. All contributions are presented in their original language (i.e. English or French). Each paper is preceded by summaries both in English and French.

**GUIDELINES FOR THE PRESENTATION OF PUBLISHERS' SERIES**

The Guidelines for the Presentation of Publishers' Series, which have just been issued as a

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UNISIST document are one of the results of the effort undertaken by the UNISIST Working Group on Primary Sources of Information. Created in 1973 with the aim of undertaking appropriate measures to harmonize the presentation of information in primary sources, this working group first identified existing guidelines or standards relevant to primary documents as well as the gaps where standardization could be initiated under UNISIST auspices.

On the basis of reviewing existing normative documents, the following categories of primary publications were recognized as requiring priority

action: Transactions, proceedings and other reports of meetings; Ad hoc series such as publishers' series; Dissertations and theses.

The Working Group agreed that guidelines should be developed for these three priorities by competent institutions or persons. To ensure that the guidelines adequately reflect the needs of a broad range of users and producers of primary documents, the group proposed a monitoring scheme for the work of the contractors, with task groups consisting of three persons responsible for the supervision of the guidelines.

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I, V. Ramachandran, hereby declare that the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Sd. V. Ramachandran

Signature of Publisher

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